SIEMENS 4⁷⁴¹





Modulating Control Valve PN 16 with Magnetic Actuator

M3K...FX...N M3K...FX...NP

for brine circuits, hot water, steam or media containing mineral oils (M3K...FX...NP)

- Fast positioning time (< 2 s)
- High-resolution stroke and rangeability
- Operating voltage AC 24 V or power signal DC 0...20 V Phs (phase cut)
- Selectable electrical interface DC 0...10 V, DC 4...20 mA or DC 0...20 V Phs
- Fail-safe feature: control path 1 → 3 closed when de-energised
- · Low friction, robust, no maintenance required

Use

The control valves are mixing or throughport valves with the magnetic actuator ready fitted.

The short positioning time, high resolution and high rangeability make these valves ideal for modulating control of chilled water, low-temperature hot water, high-temperature hot water, hot water and steam systems or media containing mineral oils in closed circuits of heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems as well as industry related applications.

Type reference 1)	DN	k _{VS}	Δp_{max}	Δps	S _{NA}	Pmed	I _N	Wire cross-section [mm²] 4-wire connection		
		[m ³ /h]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[VA]	[W]	[A]	4.0 Max. c a	2.5 able lengt	4.0 h L [m]
M3K15FX06N		0.6								
M3K15FX15N	15	1.5	500	500						
M3K15FXN		3.0			20	5	3.15	5 40	65	110
M3K20FXN	20	5.0								
M3K25FXN	25	8.0								
M3K32FXN	32	12	300	300						
M3K40FXN	40	20			26	6	4	30	50	80
M3K50FXN	50	30			40	10	6.3	20	30	50

¹⁾ Version for media containing mineral oils with type suffix P, e.g. M3K50FXNP

Δp_{max} = max. permissible differential pressure across the valve's control path, valid for the entire actuating range of the motorised valve

 Δp_S = max. permissible differential pressure (close off pressure) at which the motorised valve will close securely against the pressure (used as throughport valve)

 S_{NA} = nominal apparent power for selecting the transformer

P_{med} = typical power consumption

 I_N = required slow fuse

 k_{VS} = nominal flow rate of cold water (5 to 30 °C) through the fully opened valve (H₁₀₀) at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar)

L = max. cable length; with 4-wire connections, the max. permissible length of the separate 1.5 mm² copper positioning signal cable is 200 m.

Accessories

Terminal housing ZM...

Type reference	Operating voltage	Positioning signal	Operating range	Data sheet					
ZM101/A 2)	AC 24 V	DC 010 V	DC 48 V						
ZM121/A 2)	AC 24 V	DC 420 mA	DC 1216 mA	N4591					
ZM111		DC 020 V Phs	DC 1015 V Phs						
	Description								
Z366	AC / DC 24 V, 10 W; r temperatures < 0 °C	equired for medium	15.21.999						
Z155/ (= DN)	with blank flange, seal	, screws, spring washe	rs and nuts						

Stem heating element

Blank flange set

Order

When ordering, please give quantity, product name and type reference.

Example:

- 1 valve M3K25FXN
- 1 terminal housing Z101/A
- 1 stem heating element Z366
- 1 blank flange set Z155/25F

Delivery

Valve body and magnetic actuator form one assembly and cannot be separated. The terminal housing, the stem heating element and the blank flange set are delivered in a separate package

For the ZM101/A and ZM121/A types also the DC 0...20 V Phs positioning signal is possible without operating voltage.

For a detailed description of operation, refer to Data Sheet CA1N4028E.

Control operation

The electronics module converts the positioning signal to a phase-cut power signal which generates a magnetic field in the coil. This causes the armature to change its position in accordance with the interacting forces (magnetic field, counterspring, hydraulics, etc.). The armature responds rapidly to any change in signal, transferring the corresponding movement directly to the valve plug, enabling fast changes in load to be corrected quickly and accurately.

Spring return facility

If the positioning signal is interrupted, or in the event of a power failure, the valve's return spring will automatically close control path $1 \rightarrow 3$.

Control

The magnetic actuator can be driven by a Siemens controller or a controller of other manufacture that deliver a DC 0...10 V, DC 4...20 mA or DC 0...20 V Phs output signal. To achieve optimum control performance, it is recommended to use a 4-wire connection.

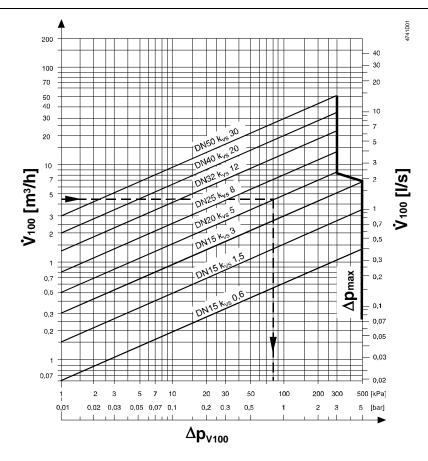
Manual operation

Control path ports $1 \rightarrow 3$ can be opened mechanically to between 0 and approximately 90 %, by turning the handwheel clockwise (CW).

The manual adjustment facility can also be used as a mechanical method of low limit control, i.e. the valve will exercise its normal control function between the manually-set position and the 100 % open position. For full-stroke automatic control, the handwheel must be set to 0 (the anticlockwise end-stop).

Sizing

Flow chart



 $\Delta p_{V^{100}}$ = differential pressure across the fully open valve and the valve's control path 1 \rightarrow 3 by a volumetric flow \mathring{V}_{100}

 \dot{V}_{100} = volumetric flow through the fully open valve (H₁₀₀)

Δp_{max} = max. permissible differential pressure across the valve's control path for the entire actuating range of the motorised valve

 $100 \text{ kPa} = 1 \text{ bar} \approx 10 \text{ mWC}$

 $1 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 0.278 \text{ l/s water at } 20 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Water with additives

To determine the volumetric flow \dot{V}_{100} in case of anti-freeze proportions > 20 % use the following formula:

$$\dot{V}_{100} = \frac{Q_{100}}{1.163 \cdot \Delta T \cdot f_1} \left[m^3 / h \right]$$

 \dot{V}_{100} = Volumetric flow [m³/h] Q $_{100}$ = Nominal system output [kW] ΔT = Temperature differential [K] between flow and return

 f_1 = Correction factor

The correction factor f_1 can be taken from the following table or calculated with the formula below.

Table correction factor f₁ for Antifrogen N:

	Temperature [°C]											
N [%]	-40	-20	0	20	40	60	80	100				
100	0.60	0.62	0.63	0.65	0.67	0.68	0.69	0.71				
80	0.71	0.73	0.74	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.80				
60	0.79	0.80	0.81	0.82	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.86				
52	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.86	0.87	0.88	0.88				
44		0.87	0.88	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.90				
34		0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.93	0.93				
20			0.97	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96	0.95				

The data and application notes of the anti-freeze manufacturer are binding.

Calculation correction factor f₁:

$$f_{1} = \frac{c \left[\frac{kJ}{kgK} \right]}{4.18} \cdot \frac{\rho \left[\frac{kg}{m^{3}} \right]}{1000}$$

 f_1 = Correction factor = 1 for water

= Specific heat of anti-freeze [kJ/kgK]

ρ = Density of anti-freeze [kg/m³]

4.18 = Specific heat of water at 20 °C [kJ/kgK]1000 = Density of water at 20 °C $[kg/m^3]$

For valve sizing with media other than water, note that the following media properties differ from those of water. • specific heat

density

· kinematic tenacity

All variables are temperature-dependent.

The design temperature equals the lowest media temperature prevailing in the valve.

General formula:

$$\dot{V}_{100} = \frac{Q_{100} \cdot 3600}{c \cdot \Delta T \cdot \rho} \left[m^3 / h \right]$$

 \dot{V}_{100} = Volumetric flow [m³/h] Q $_{100}$ = Nominal system output [kW] ΔT = Temperature differential [K] between flow and return

c = Specific heat [kJ/kgK] ρ = Specific density $[kg/m^3]$

Note

In HVAC plants, the kinematic viscosity υ [mm²/s] is always below 20 mm²/s so that its impact on volumetric flow is negligible

Mounting Instructions are included in the packaging:

No: 35582 (valve)

No. 35541 (terminal housing ZM...)

Vorsicht \triangle

The valve may only be used as a mixing or throughport valve, not as a diverting valve. Observe the direction of flow!!

A strainer should be fitted upstream of the valve. This increases reliability.

Orientation

Any

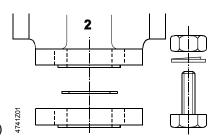


Use as straight-through valves

Only three-way valves are supplied. They may be used as straight-through valves.

Port «2» can be sealed with Z155/... which must be ordered as a separate item. The blank flange set comes complete with blank flange, seal, screws, spring washers and nuts.

DN15...DN32 blank flange (Z155/15F...Z155/32F) DN40...DN50 blank flange (Z155/40...Z155/50)



Installation Notes

The actuator may not be lagged.

For notes on electrical installation, see «Connection terminals» resp. «Connection diagrams»

Maintenance Notes

The valves and actuators are maintenance-free.

The low friction and robust design make regular servicing unnecessary and ensure a long service life.

The valve stem is sealed from external influences by a maintenance-free gland.

Caution \triangle

Always disconnect power before fitting or removing the terminal housing.

Caution \triangle

Under operating conditions within the limits defined by the application data, the actuator will become hot, but this does not represent a burn risk. Always maintain the minimum clearance specified, refer to «Dimensions».



The valve is considered electrical and electronic equipment for disposal in terms of the applicable European Directive and may not be disposed of as domestic garbage.

- Dispose of the valve through channels provided for this purpose.
- Comply with all local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

Warranty

Application-specific technical data must be observed.

If specified limits are not observed, Siemens Switzerland Ltd / HVAC Products will not assume any responsibility.

Technical Data

Functional actuator data										
Power supply	Extra low-voltage only (SELV, PELV)									
	Operating voltage	1)	AC 24 V, + 15 % / -10 %							
	Frequency		5060 Hz							
	Typical power cons	sumption P _{med}	refer to table «	Type summary»						
	Rated apparent por		refer to table «	Type summary»						
Input	Positioning signal	ZM101/A	DC 010 V or	DC 020 V Phs						
•		ZM121/A	DC 420 mA or DC 020 V Phs							
		ZM111	DC 020 V PI	าร						
	Current draw	DC 010 V	max. 1 mA							
	Impedance	DC 420 mA	2 x 56 kΩ							
Functional valve data	PN class		PN 16 to EN 1	333						
	Permissible operat	ing pressure								
	Water up to 120 °C	;	1.6 MPa (16 ba	ar)						
	Water > 120 °C		1.3 MPa (13 ba	ar)						
	Saturated steam ≤	180 °C	1.0 MPa (10 ba	ar) abs						
	Leakage rate	1 → 3	max. 0.05 % k _{vs} (to DIN EN 1349)							
		$2 \rightarrow 3$	approx. 2 % k _{vs} (depending on operating							
			conditions)							
	Permissible media	Brine								
		Water	Chilled water, low-temperature hot water, high-							
			temperature hot water, hot water, water with and							
			freeze;							
			recommendation	on: water treatment to VDI 2035						
		Saturated steam								
	M3KFXNP:	Oil mixtures	mineral oils SA	E05SAE50, heat transfer oils						
	Medium temperatu	re	max. 180 °C							
		Water 2)	-20120 °C	1.6 MPa (16 bar)						
		Water	> 120 °C	1.3 MPa (13 bar)						
		Saturated steam	≤ 180 °C	1.0 MPa (10 bar) abs						
	Valve characteristic	c (stroke, k _v)	linear (to VDI / VDE 2173),							
			optimised in low opening range							
	Stroke resolution Δ	H / H100	> 1 : 200 (H = stroke)							
	Mode of operation		modulating							
	In de-engergised p	osition	control path 1 → 3 closed							
	Mounting position		any							
6/10										

	Positioning time	<2s
	Ambient temperature	-545 °C
Materials	Valve body	spheroidal graphite cast iron EN-GJS-400-18-LT
	Seat / inner valve	CrNi steel
	Valve stem seal for M…N	EPDM (O ring)
	Valve stem seal for MNP	Fluoroelastomer FPM product
	Bellows	CrNi steel
Electrical connection	Cable entry	2 x PG11 (ZM101/A, ZM111, ZM121/A)
	Min. cross-sectional area	1.5 mm ²
	Connection terminals	screw terminals for max. 1 x 4 mm ² copper wires
Dimensions / weight	Dimensions	refer to «Dimensions»
	Weight	refer to table in «Dimensions»
		-

 $[\]stackrel{\mbox{\scriptsize 1)}}{\dots}$ No operating voltage is required for the DC 0...20 V Phs power positioning signal.

Norms and standards

Degree of protection	IP 54 to IEC 60529
Conforming to	CE requirements
Permissible operating pressure	PED 97/23/EC
Pressure accessories	as per article 1, section 2.1.4
Fluid group 2	without CE-marking as per article 3, section 3
	(sound engineering practice)

General environmental conditions

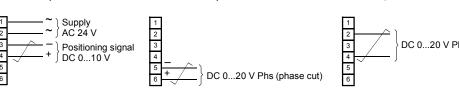
	Operation	Transport	Storage
	EN 60721-3-3	EN 60721-3-2	EN 60721-3-1
Climatic conditions	Class 3K5	Class 2K3	Class 1K3
Temperature	−5+45 °C	−25+70 °C	−5+45 °C
Humidity	595 % r.h.	595 % r.h.	595 % r.h.
Mechanical conditions	EN 60721-3-6		
	Class 6M2		

Connection terminals

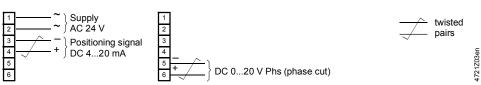
Warning

If a ZM.../A terminal housing is used with DC 0...20 V Phs (phase cut), AC 24 V must not be connected!

ZM101/A (DC 0...10 V or DC 0...20 V Phs)



ZM121/A (DC 4...20 mA or DC 0...20 V Phs)



ZM111 (DC 0...20 V Phs)

For medium temperatures < 0 °C, the Z366 stem heating element is required.

Refer to data sheet N4591 for the ZM... terminal housings.

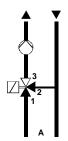
Application examples

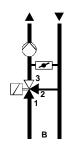
Hydraulic circuits

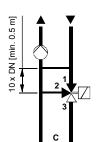
The examples shown below are basic diagrams with no installation-specific details.

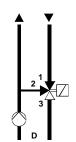
Caution \triangle

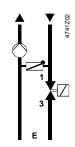
The valve may only be used as a mixing or throughport valve, not as a diverting valve. Observe the direction of flow!





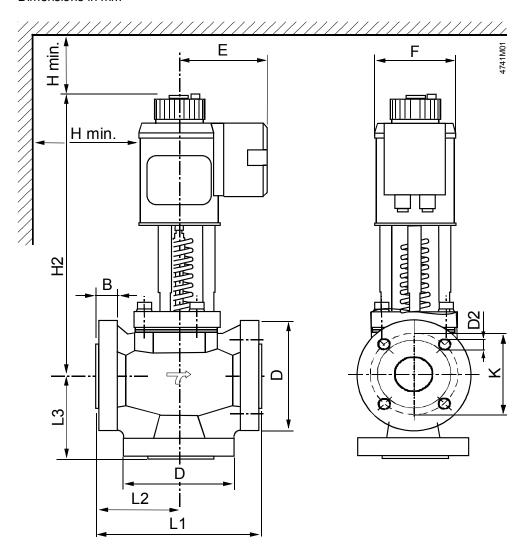






- Mixing circuit
- Mixing circuit with bypass (underfloor heating system)
- Injection circuit
- D Diverting circuit
- Ε Injection circuit with throughport valve

Dimensions in mm



Туре	DN	В	D	D2	K	L1	L2	L3	H2	Н	E	F	Weight	
reference										min.			[kg]	
M3K15FX06N														
M3K15FX15N	15	14	95		65	130	65	65	283				7	
M3K15FXN				4x14						400	84	80		
M3K20FXN	20	40	105		75	150	75	75	282	100			9	
M3K25FXN	25	16	16	115		85	160	80	80	289				10
M3K32FXN	32	40	140		100	180	90	90	325				16	
M3K40FXN	40	18	150	4x18	110	200	100	100	324	450	94	100	18	
M3K50FXN	50	20	165		125	230	115	105	343	150			24	

Remarks:

- Flange dimensions to ISO 7005-2 / DIN 2533, PN 16
- Weight including packaging

Issued by
Siemens Switzerland Ltd
Building Technologies Division
International Headquarters
Theilerstrasse 1a
6300 Zug
Switzerland
Tel. +41 58-724 24 24
www.siemens.com/buildingtechnologies

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